Modern Systems Analysis and Design Third Edition

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Chapter 1 The Systems Development Environment

Learning Objectives

- ✓ Define information systems analysis and design
- Discuss the modern approach to systems analysis and design
- ✓ Describe four types of information systems:
- Describe the information systems development life cycle (SDLC)
- Discuss alternatives to the systems development life cycle
- Discuss the role of computer-aided software engineering (CASE) tools in systems development

- Information Systems Analysis and Design
 - Complex process whereby computer-based information systems are developed and maintained
- Application Software
 - Result of systems analysis and design
 - Designed to support specific organizational functions or processes

- Software engineering processes have been developed to assist in analysis and design
 - Methodologies
 - Comprehensive, multi-step approaches to systems development
 - Techniques
 - Processes that are followed to ensure that work is well thoughtout, complete and comprehensible to others on the project team
 - Tools
 - Computer programs to assist in application of techniques to the analysis and design process

- Information Systems Analysis and Design
 - A method used by companies to create and maintain systems that perform basic business functions
 - Main goal is to improve employee efficiency by applying software solutions to key business tasks
 - A well thought-out approach must be used in order to ensure success

- Systems Analyst performs analysis and design based upon:
 - Understanding of organization's objectives, structure and processes
 - Knowledge of how to exploit information technology for advantage

- Systems Analysts work in teams
 - Project Based
 - Includes
 - IS Manager
 - System Analysts
 - Programmers
 - End Users and Business managers
 - Other specialists
 - Characteristics of Successful Teams
 - Diversity of backgrounds
 - Tolerance of diversity
 - Clear and complete communication
 - Trust
 - Mutual Respect
 - Reward structure that promotes shared responsibility

- IS Manager
 - May have a direct role in systems development if the project is small
 - Typically involved in allocating resources to and overseeing system development projects.
- Systems Analyst
 - Key individuals in the systems development process

- Skills of a Successful Systems Analyst
 - Analytical
 - Understanding of organizations
 - Problem solving skills
 - System thinking
 - Ability to see organizations and information systems as systems
 - Technical
 - Understanding of potential and limitations of technology
 - Management
 - Ability to manage projects, resources, risk and change
 - Interpersonal
 - Effective written and oral communication skills

- Programmers
 - Convert specifications into instructions that the computer understands
 - Write documentation and testing programs
- Business Managers
 - Have power to fund projects and allocate resources
 - Set general requirements and constraints for projects

- Other IS Managers/Technicians
 - Database Administrator
 - Involved in design, development and maintenance of databases
 - Network and telecommunications experts
 - Develop systems involving data and/or voice communications
 - Human Factors Specialists
 - Involved in training users and writing documentation
 - Internal Auditors
 - Ensure that required controls are built into the system

Types of Information Systems and Systems Development

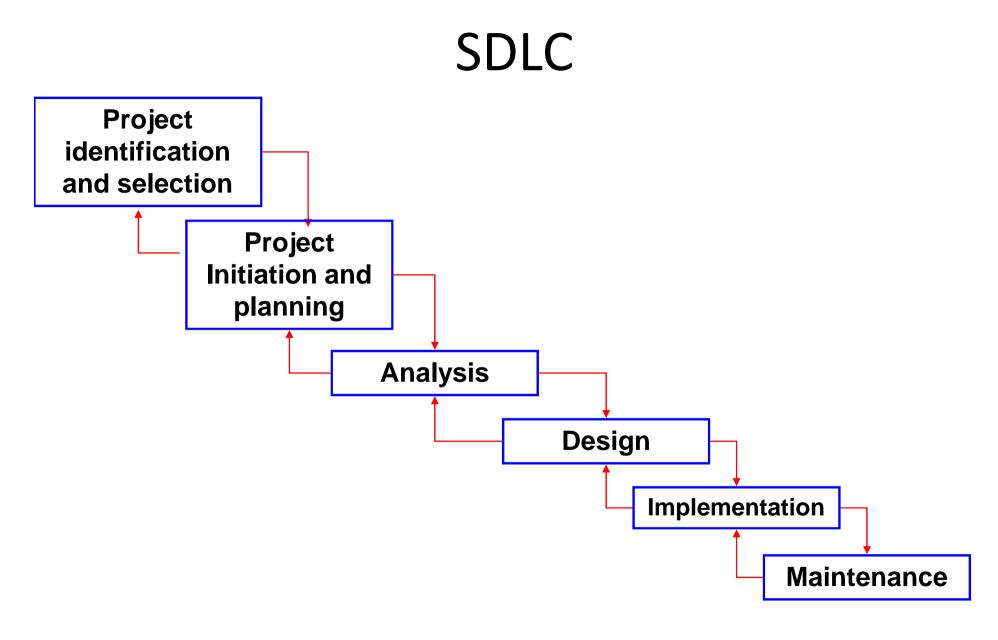
- Transaction Processing Systems (TPS)
 - Automate handling of data about business activities (transactions)
- Management Information Systems (MIS)
 - Converts raw data from transaction processing system into meaningful form
- Decision Support Systems (DSS)
 - Designed to help decision makers
 - Provides interactive environment for decision making

Types of Information Systems and Systems Development

- Expert Systems (ES)
 - Replicates decision making process
 - Knowledge representation describes the way an expert would approach the problem

Systems Development Life Cycle (SDLC)

- Series of steps used to manage the phases of development for an information system
- Consists of six phases:
 - Project Identification and Selection
 - Project Initiation and Planning
 - Analysis
 - Design
 - Implementation
 - Maintenance



- Phases are not necessarily sequential
- Each phase has a specific outcome and deliverable
- Individual companies use customized life cycles

Phases of the Systems Development Life Cycle

- Project Identification and Selection
 - Two Main Activities
 - Identification of need
 - Prioritization and translation of need into a development schedule
 - Helps organization to determine whether or not resources should be dedicated to a project.
- Project Initiation and Planning
 - Two Activities
 - Formal preliminary investigation of the problem at hand
 - Presentation of reasons why system should or should not be developed by the organization

- Analysis
 - Study of current procedures and information systems
 - Determine requirements
 - Study current system
 - Structure requirements and eliminate redundancies
 - Generate alternative designs
 - Compare alternatives
 - Recommend best alternative

- Design
 - Logical Design
 - Concentrates on business aspects of the system
 - Physical Design
 - Technical specifications
- Implementation
 - Implementation
 - Hardware and software installation
 - Programming
 - User Training
 - Documentation

- Maintenance
 - System changed to reflect changing conditions
 - System obsolescence

Approaches to Development

- Prototyping
 - Building a scaled-down working version of the system
 - Advantages:
 - Users are involved in design
 - Captures requirements in concrete form
- Rapid Application Development (RAD)
 - Utilizes prototyping to delay producing system design until after user requirements are clear

Approaches to Development

- Joint Application Design (JAD)
 - Users, Managers and Analysts work together for several days
 - System requirements are reviewed
 - Structured meetings

Improving IS Development Productivity

- Computer-aided software engineering (CASE) tools
 - Facilitate creation of a central repository for system descriptions and specifications